PEOPLE DEVELOPMENT PRACTICES AND TOURISM DELIVERY PERFORMANCE: A STUDY WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO PUBLIC SECTOR TOURISM AGENCIES IN KERALA

Thesis submitted to the Faculty of Commerce, Mahatma Gandhi University in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Commerce

By

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March 2013

DECLARATION

I, MURALI. E, hereby declare that this thesis entitled "PEOPLE DEVELOPMENT PRACTICES AND TOURISM DELIVERY PERFORMANCE: A STUDY WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO PUBLIC SECTOR TOURISM AGENCIES IN KERALA" is a bonafide record of research work done by me during the course of research and that the thesis has not previously formed the basis for the award of any degree, diploma, associateship, fellowship or other similar title or recognition.

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CERTIFICATE

Certified that this thesis entitled "PEOPLE DEVELOPMENT PRACTICES AND TOURISM DELIVERY PERFORMANCE: A STUDY WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO PUBLIC SECTOR TOURISM AGENCIES IN KERALA" is a bonafide record of research work done by Sri. Murali. E under my guidance and supervision during the course of research and that it has not previously formed the basis for the award of any degree, diploma, associateship, fellowship or other similar title or recognition.

He is permitted to submit the thesis to the University.

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ABSTRACT

The State of Kerala is considered as the 'God's Own Country'. By realizing the significance of the sector, a number of public and private sector agencies are functioning in the development of tourism in Kerala. From a close analysis, it is revealed that the Department of Tourism, (DoT) and Kerala Tourism Development Corporation Ltd (KTDC) are the two key public sector agencies in the forefront of the development of tourism in Kerala.

Tourism is very much a people based industry where one group of people (host) serves other group (guest). Therefore, significance of people factor is to be well acknowledged while designing and developing the marketing mix. In this back drop, the present study titled "People Development Practices and Tourism Delivery Performance: A Study with Special Reference to Public Sector Tourism Agencies in Kerala" has been undertaken. The extent of practice of the some select measures in developing the people at both supplying and receiving end of tourism delivery is analyzed in the study. Similarly the investigation into actual performance of service people and tourists involved in tourism delivery has also been made. Both primary and secondary data have been used for the study. The primary data have been collected from 375 tourists and 80 service people by administering two sets of pre-tested structured interview schedules. For data analysis, descriptive and inferential statistical tools have been used.

The findings of the study reveal that the extent of practice of select measures by public sector are not found to be given the veritable satisfaction to the beneficiaries as envisaged by the authorities. The performance of people of both the sides of tourism delivery, namely service people and tourists has to be improved for the successful and sustainable tourism development of the State.

PREFACE

Tourism is one of the largest industries in the world. It has to play a dominant role in the economies of most of the developing countries including India. A number of tourist destinations provide a large variety of tourism products. Economic diversification and technological improvement has created a very conducive environment for tourism development. Tourism acts as a driving force for employment generation, poverty alleviation and social harmony.

The Government of India has taken concerted steps in the promotion and development of tourism industry at national, regional and local levels such as identification of travel circuits, liberalized charter policy, provision of various financial and non-financial incentives, publicize the traditions, fair and festivals, conducting surveys, setting tourism committees, developing human resources, introduction of innovative marketing strategies, strengthening tourism product, development of infrastructure and superstructure, and so forth.

Tourism is a constantly growing industry and it has considerable potential in Kerala. A balanced climate, green vegetation, natural tourist spots, fully literate population etc. can be considered as Kerala's strength in tourism. Kerala, the southern State of India, has been referred to as a paradise for tourists by the media worldwide. A gradual growth in both foreign and domestic tourist arrivals has happened in the last decade. This is mainly due to the diversification and enrichment of existing tourism products and the addition of more innovative tourism products.

Tourism in Kerala is really a round the year phenomenon. Public sector is the flagship of tourism industry in Kerala. Though a number of public sector agencies are involved in the development of tourism in the State, the DoT,

Government of Kerala and KTDC are the two agencies which play a great role in this promising sector of Kerala.

Unlike any other industry, tourism is considered to be the most sensitive service industry where meeting of different cultures take place. Tourism is very much a people based industry where one group of people (host) serves other group (guest). Therefore, significance of people factor is to be well acknowledged while designing and developing the marketing mix. People element in tourism applies to interaction and relationships between visitors or tourists, employees of tourism organisations and at the destination level, the host community. The interactions and relationships between these key 'people' groups will impact significantly on the level of product satisfaction experienced by the visitor, the satisfaction of the employee and the degree to which tourism is either accepted or rejected in the host destination. As the people element constitutes an important dimension in the management of tourism services in their role both as performers of services and as customers, the present study concentrates on the front line service people and tourists receiving their services. The approach of the public sector tourism agencies in developing the performance of service people and tourists and the perceived performance of both these people groups in the context of tourism industry in Kerala are the focus of the study.

The objectives of the study cover the extent of practice of select measures by the public sector tourism agencies in developing the performance of their service people and the tourists involved in the tourism delivery. The objectives of study also cover the actual performance of both service people and tourists involved in tourism delivery. The perceptions of service people and tourists are taken for analyzing the objectives. The primary data have been collected from 375 tourists and 80 service people by administering two sets of pre-tested structured interview schedules. The secondary data collected from various published and un-published sources mainly from 2001 to 2011 have been used for the study. For data analysis, descriptive statistical tools like

Percentage, Annual Growth Rate, Arithmetic Mean, Geometric Mean, and inferential tools such as Chi-square test, Mann-Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis H test, and Binomial Test have been used.

The report of the study is organized in six chapters. Chapter one gives an introduction which contains the review of literature, the statement of the problem, the significance of the study, the scope of the study, the objectives of the study, hypotheses, variables used for the study, methodology, period of the study and limitations of the study. Chapter two provides a theoretical frame by linking various related concepts on the study. The Chapter three discusses the tourism development in India and Kerala and also the initiatives of public sector in developing tourism in the country. Chapter four presents the opinion of service people in public sector agencies regarding the extent of practice of select measures in developing their service performance. This chapter also bestows the views of both service people and tourists on the extent of adoption of select measures by the tourism agencies in developing the performance of tourists visiting Kerala. Chapter five portrays the perception of service people and tourists with regard to the level of their actual performance in tourism delivery. Chapter six being the last chapter contains a summary of findings, suggestions and conclusion of the study.

It is hoped that the findings of the study would be beneficial to the public sector authorities, policy makers, and the potential tourists for delivering sustainable tourism in Kerala.

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ABBREVIATIONS

AICTE All India Council for Technical Education

AIHTM Ashok Institute of Hospitality and Tourism Management

AITD Ashok International Trade Division

ATT Ashok Travels and Tours

BRDC Bakel Resort Development Corporation

CAGR Compound Annual Growth Rate

DoT Department of Tourism

DTPC District Tourism Promotion Council

EDC Eco Development Committee

FCI Food Craft Institute

GDP Gross Domestic Product

GM Geometric Mean

GoI Government of India

GoK Government of Kerala

HRM Human Resources Management

IATO International Air Transport Organisation

ICC Indian Chamber of Commerce

IHM Institute of Hotel Management

IISM Indian Institute of Skiing and Mountaineering

IITTM Indian Institute for Tourism and Travel Management

ITB International Tourism Board

KITTS Kerala Institute of Tourism and Travel Studies

KTDC Kerala Tourism Development Corporation

MoT Ministry of Tourism

NCHMCT National Council for Hotel Management and Catering

Technology

NIWS National Institute of Water Sports

PATA Pacific Asia Travel Association

SIHM State Institute of Hospitality Management

TAAI Travel Agents' Association of India

TIO Tourist Information Office

TRKL Tourist Resort Kerala Ltd

UNWTO United Nations World Tourism Organisation

USD US Dollar

VSS Vana Samrakshana Samithy

WEF World Economic Forum

WTTC World Travel and Tourism Council